Write your name here Surname	Other nar	mes
Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Biology B Advanced Subsidiar Paper 1: Core Cellul		Microbiology
Sample Assessment Material for first to Time: 1 hour 30 minutes	eaching September 2015	Paper Reference 8BIO/01
You may need a ruler, a penci	l and a calculator.	Total Marks

## **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Show your working in any calculation questions and include units in your answer where appropriate.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- You may use a scientific calculator.
- In question(s) marked with an asterisk (\*), marks will be awarded for your ability to structure your answer logically showing how the points that you make are related or follow on from each other where appropriate.

# Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

**PEARSON** 

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# **Answer ALL questions.**

# Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box  $\boxtimes$ . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then mark your new answer with a cross  $\boxtimes$ .

_	_			
1			yotes and eukaryotes are major divisions of cellular organisms.	
	(a)	vvr	nich of the following would <b>only</b> be found in prokaryote cells?	(1)
	X	Α	nucleoid	
	X	В	nucleolus	
	X	C	nucleosome	
	×	D	nucleus	
	(b)	Αp	person had food poisoning caused by a bacterium.	
			plain how antibiotic treatment could help to identify if the type of bacterium at caused the food poisoning was Gram positive or Gram negative.	(3)
			(Total for Question 1 = 4 ma	rks)

	manufacturers of food products that help people lose weight. The enzyme converts glucose into fructose which is a much sweeter carbohydrate.	
in a cell.  Explain why this mutation may produce an enzyme that would not be of any use to manufacturers of food products that help people lose weight.  (2)	(a) Explain how proteins like glucose isomerase are made in cells.	(5)
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to manufacturers of food products that help people lose weight.  (2)	(b) A point mutation occurred in the DNA responsible for making glucose isomerase in a cell.	
to manufacturers of food products that help people lose weight.  (2)	Explain why this mutation may produce an enzyme that would not be of any use	
(Total for Question 2 = 7 marks)	to manufacturers of food products that help people lose weight.	(2)
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3	Triose	isor	nerase is an enzyme containing two polypeptide chains.	
	(a) (i)		nich of the following describes the synthesis of one of these polypeptide ains?	(1)
	×	A	a series of condensation reactions forming peptide bonds	(1)
	X	В	a series of condensation reactions forming glycosidic bonds	
	X	C	a series of hydrolysis reactions forming peptide bonds	
	×	D	a series of hydrolysis reactions forming glycosidic bonds	
	(ii)	Wł	nich of the following is the best description of this enzyme?	(1)
	×	A	a fibrous protein with a secondary structure	,
	×	В	a globular protein with a quaternary structure	

**C** an insoluble protein with a quaternary structure

**D** a soluble protein with a primary structure

(b) Amino acids can be h chain composed of 10	ydrophilic or hydrophobic. The diagra Damino acids.	am shows a polypeptide
O-O-O-(	<del></del>	= hydrophilic amino acid = hydrophobic amino acid
	placed in a beaker of distilled water. ow the structure of this polypeptide in	n the beaker. (3)
(c) Describe how a quate	ernary protein is formed after protein s	synthesis has occurred. (2)
	(Total	for Question 3 = 7 marks)

7					
4	DNA is a molec	cule found in the nucleus	of eukaryotic cells.		
	(a) DNA is mad	de up of the components	:		
		base	phosphate	pentose	
			$\bigcup$		
	Draw a mo	lecule of DNA that contai	ns four nucleotides, using	the shapes shown.	
			_	·	(2)

(i)	Determine the number of each of the bases present.	
.,	<b>,</b>	(4)
	Answer	
/::\	Fundain value and a fith a bassa in a man a da mat as da fan ancina a side	
(11)	Explain why some of the bases in a gene do not code for amino acids.	(2)
		(-)

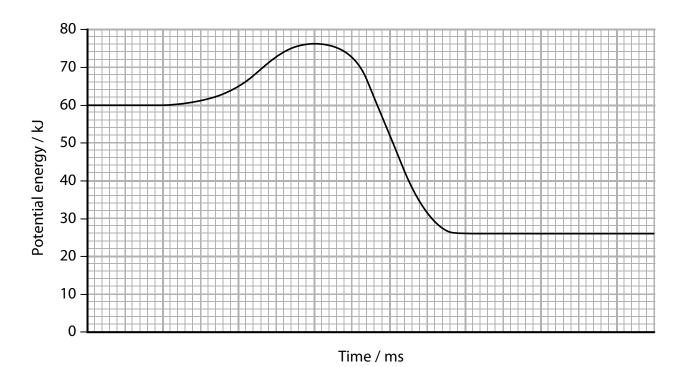
**5** Glucose exists in two different forms called  $\alpha$ -glucose and  $\beta$ -glucose.

The diagram shows the structure of an  $\alpha$ -glucose molecule.

(a) Draw the products that are formed from a condensation reaction between two  $\alpha$ -glucose molecules.

(2)

(b) The diagram shows the energy changes during an enzyme-controlled reaction.



Calculate the activation energy for this reaction.

(2)

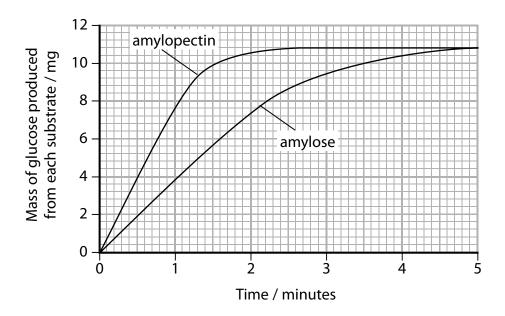
Answer......kJ

(c) Starch is made up of amylose and amylopectin.

Amylase is an enzyme that can break down both amylose and amylopectin.

A student carried out an investigation to compare the mass of glucose produced from the breakdown of each substrate. The same mass of amylose and amylopectin was used and all other variables were kept constant.

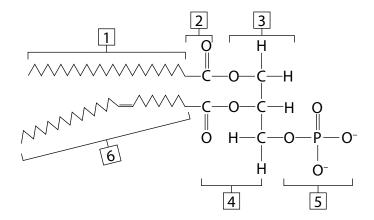
The results of the investigation are shown in the graph.



Analyse the data to explain the rate of breakdown of amylopectin and amylose by amylase.

(Total for Question 5 = 8 marks)

- **6** Artificial liposomes are spheres with an outer layer of phospholipids. They can be filled with a cytotoxic solution of drugs that kill cancer cells.
  - (a) The diagram shows a phospholipid.



(i) Which label includes an ester bond?

(1)

- A 2
- **■ B** 3
- **区** 4
- **■ D** 6
- (ii) Which label shows the glycerol component?

(1)

- **⋈ A** 1
- **■ B** 3
- X C 4
- **D** 5

		n the advantage of treating cancer with artificial temperature-sensitive mes that contain cytotoxic drugs.	(5)
c) Ca	nce	r cells undergo uncontrolled mitosis.	
(i)		nich of the following shows the correct number of cancerous cells there buld be after a single cell carries out six mitotic cell divisions?	(1)
X	A	26	(-/
X	В	$6^2$	
X	c	2 <sup>3</sup>	
$\wedge$	D	3 <sup>2</sup>	
X			

Explain how these drugs will stop cancer ce		
		3)
	(Total for Question 6 = 11 marks	s)
	(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	

7 DNA replication occurs during the cell cycle.

The diagram shows some of the steps involved in an investigation to study DNA replication in bacterial cells.

## Step 1

Bacterial cells were bathed in a solution containing the heavy isotope of nitrogen (15N) until all of the DNA was heavy



### Step 2

The bacterial cells were extracted from the solution and washed several times. A sample of the cells was taken and the DNA was analysed



## Step 3

The remaining cells were then placed in a solution containing the light isotope of nitrogen (14N). After one cell cycle the DNA had replicated. At this point, another sample of cells was taken and the DNA was analysed



#### Step 4

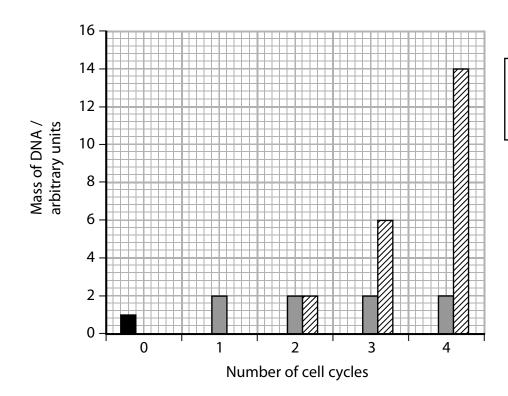
Step 3 was repeated for a total of 4 complete cell cycles

(a) In which cell cycle stage does DNA replication occur?

(1)

- A anaphase
- B interphase
- C prophase
- D metaphase

(b) The results of this investigation are shown in the graph.



■ Heavy DNA

■ Intermediate DNA

☑ Light DNA

(i) Predict the total mass of DNA after six cell cycles.

(2)

(ii) Analyse the data to explain how it supports the theory for DNA replication.

(4)

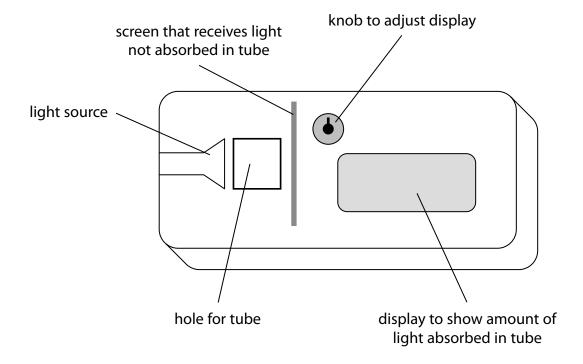
(Total for Question 7 = 7 marks)

Answer.....

**8** When banana flesh is cut or mashed up, a chemical compound called catechol is released which reacts with oxygen to form brown melanin. This reaction is catalysed by the enzyme polyphenol oxidase.

A student investigated the rate of this reaction by using a colorimeter to measure the rate of appearance of the brown colour.

The diagram below shows a colorimeter.



(a) The student recorded absorbance in the colorimeter every 10 seconds for 60 seconds. He repeated the process and calculated the mean for each 10-second period. The results are shown in the table.

Time in colorimeter / s	Mean absorbance / absorbance units
0	0.2
10	0.8
20	1.3
30	1.6
40	1.8
50	1.9
60	1.9

(i)	Calculate the mean rate for the first 20 seconds of this reaction.	(3)
	Answer	
(ii)	Explain why the mean rate changes after the first 20 seconds of this reaction.	(3)

(iii) Describe how the initial rate of reaction could be obtained from a graph of this data. You may use a diagram to illustrate your answer.	(3)
	χ-7

	vastage.	
(i)	Explain why it is only when fruits are cut open that they are likely to turn brown.	
		(2)
<b>/···</b> \		
(11)	Explain why the addition of lemon juice, which contains citric acid, will often stop fruits turning brown.	
	•	(3)
	(Total for Question 8 = 14 ma	rks)

- **9** Mitosis in plant tissue is a form of cell division that is affected by a number of factors.
  - (a) A student carried out an investigation into the effect of environmental stress on mitosis in one species of bean plant.

Sixty bean plants were divided into four groups of 15, labelled A, B, C and D. All the groups were grown in a complete mineral solution.

After 15 days, the bean plants from groups B, C and D were removed from this mineral solution for different lengths of time to stress them.

Cells from the root were then observed and the percentage of cells undergoing mitosis was found for each group.

The results are shown in the table.

Group	Time out of mineral solution / min	Percentage of root cells in mitosis (%)
Α	0	18
В	50	6
С	100	6
D	150	4

(i)	Analyse the data to explain why removing the plants from the mineral solution affects mitosis in the root cells.	
		(4)

wo reasons why this conclusion		(2)
ach group, the percentage of ce ded.	lls in the prophase stage of mitosis wa	as
	phase was calculated for groups B, C a	nd D.
	5 ,	
Group	Percentage of cells in the prophase stage of mitosis	
A	65	
Mean of groups B, C and D	28	1
	tress on the root cells of these bean	(2)
	Group  A  Mean of groups B, C and D  in the effect of environmental s.s.	results are given in the table.  Percentage of cells in the prophase stage of mitosis  A 65  Mean of groups B, C and D 28  in the effect of environmental stress on the root cells of these bean

	ould be modified to test this hypothesis in a safe,
valid and reliable way.	(6)
	(Total for Question 9 = 14 marks)
	TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS

future editions.