

## THE HABER PROCESS

## Temperature used = 450°C

Lower temperature gives higher yield of  $NH_3$  as forward reaction is exothermic Higher temperature gives faster rate  $450^{\circ}C$  is compromise between yield and rate

## Pressure used = 200 atm

Higher pressure gives higher yield of NH<sub>3</sub> as less gas molecules on right of equation High pressure is very expensive (high cost of pipes & energy cost to pressurise) 200 atm is compromise between yield and cost

## Catalyst = iron

Catalyst increases rate of reaction (but has no effect on position or yield)