

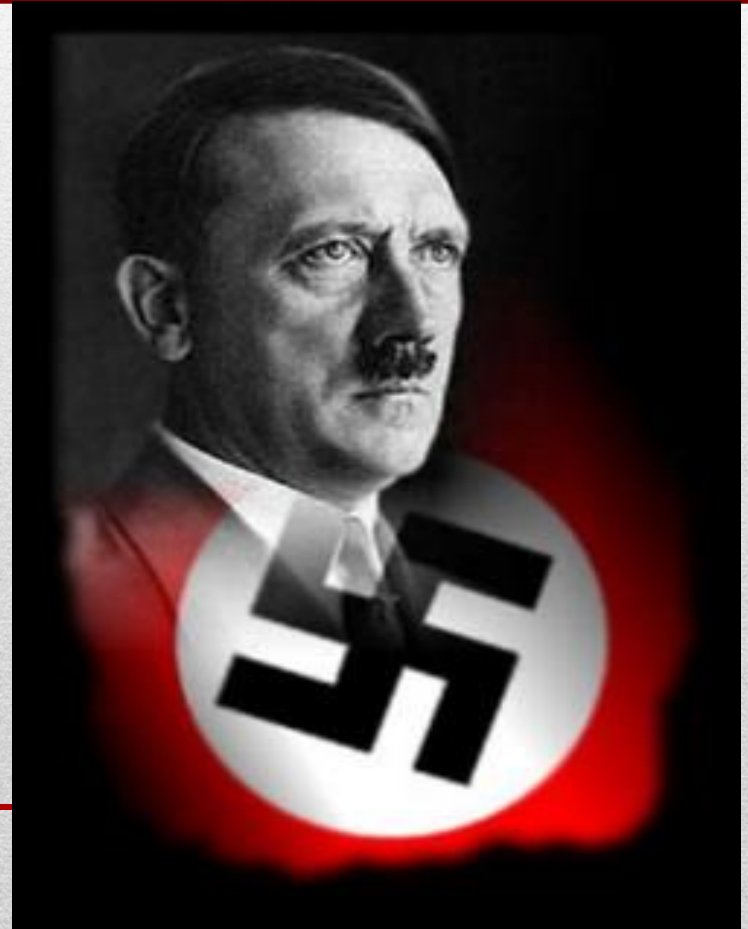
# Nazi Education

**L/O: To understand how the Nazis changed the education system in Germany**

**Starter:**

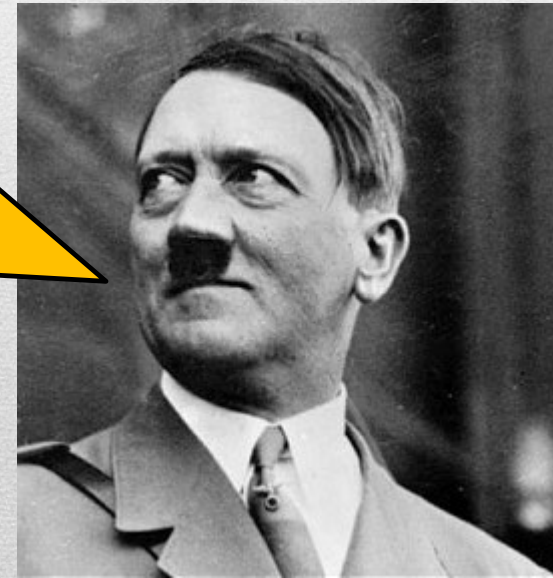
**What do you think the word  
'indoctrinate' means?**

**Indoctrinate: Getting  
people to believe a set of  
ideas**



**“The weak must be chiselled away. I want young men and women who can suffer pain. A young German must be as swift as a greyhound, as tough as leather and as hard as Krupp’s steel”**

**What did  
Hitler  
want from  
his youth?**



# Schools

- Textbooks were re-written to paint a good picture of Nazis
- History was changed to celebrate German victories – disasters were blamed on the Jews and communists
- Every subject revolved around Nazi ideals e.g. Biology
- Teachers had to belong to the German Teachers League and had to put across Nazi ideals in their lessons – attended compulsory training in holidays

# Maths Problems

A bomber aircraft on take off carries twelve dozen bombs, each weighing ten kilos. The aircraft takes off for Warsaw, international centre of Jews. It bombs the town. On take off with all the bombs on board a fuel tank containing 1000 kilos of fuel, the aircraft weighed about 8 tons. When it returns from the crusade, there are still 230 kilos of fuel left. What is the weight of the aircraft when empty



# Hitler Youth

- Outside of school, young people had to belong to youth organisations which taught them loyalty to Hitler and trained them in military skills.
- There were 5 organisations for youngsters to join
- Together they made up the Hitler youth movement.
- By 1938 around 8 million Germans belonged to the Hitler Youth

Age	Boys	Girls
6-10	Pimpfen (The Little Fellows)	
10-14	Jungvolk (The Young Folk)	Jungmadelbund (Young Girls)
14-18	Hitler-Jugend (Hitler Youth)	Bund Deutsche Madel (League of German Girls)

# Jewish Children

- Were segregated in class and were constantly made to feel like outcasts
- They could only escape this torment by moving to a Jewish school



# Task

Read through the sources. Answer the following questions

1. How did education change for students under the Nazi regime? **Source E** (Use the maths problem as an example)
2. What was done to make sure teachers followed Nazi policy?
3. Create a table in your books showing how education was different for girls and boys? **Source A**

Girls	Boys
4. What were the 5 organisations of the Hitler Youth? **Source C**
5. What were Hitler's aims for the Hitler youth? How were his aims different for boys and girls? **Source B Source D**
6. How were Jewish Children treated in Nazi Germany? **Source G**
7. How does **Source F** support these ideas?